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Tailoring the future of MSME marketing: A study on leveraging customer data for personalized experiences

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Abstract: MSMEs play an important role in the global economy, employing nearly 90% of the workforce and contributing nearly 50% of the world's gross domestic product. However, many MSMEs have difficulty finding and retaining repeat customers, which is one of the main challenges for small businesses. This study aims to find out how customer data can be used to improve marketing strategies and meet customer needs and preferences more effectively. This research also aims to provide solutions and recommendations for MSMEs to improve their marketing through personalizing the experience for their customers. This study uses the SEM-PLS method with a quantitative approach. The population is taken from SMEs operating in the city of Semarang. 100 Samples are determined through Quota Sampling. Personalized marketing involves using customer data to customize the customer experience, which can create a closer relationship between customers and MSMEs. This research is still limited to the effectiveness of Personalized Marketing on customer loyalty in MSMEs. There have been many studies that discuss MSME customer loyalty with the marketing communication method. However, there are not many studies that specifically discuss personalized marketing for MSMEs.

Keywords: Personalized marketing, loyalty, MSMEs.

Abstrak: UMKM memainkan peran penting dalam perekonomian global, mempekerjakan hampir 90% dari tenaga kerja dan menyumbang hampir 50% dari produk domestik bruto dunia. Namun, banyak UMKM mengalami kesulitan dalam menemukan dan mempertahankan pelanggan tetap, yang merupakan salah satu tantangan utama bagi bisnis kecil. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui bagaimana data pelanggan dapat digunakan untuk meningkatkan strategi pemasaran dan memenuhi kebutuhan dan preferensi pelanggan secara lebih efektif. Penelitian ini juga bertujuan untuk memberikan solusi dan rekomendasi bagi UMKM untuk meningkatkan pemasaran mereka melalui personalisasi pengalaman bagi pelanggan mereka. Penelitian ini menggunakan metode SEM-PLS dengan pendekatan kuantitatif. Populasi diambil dari UMKM yang beroperasi di Kota Semarang. 100 Sampel ditetapkan melalui Quota Sampling. Pemasaran personalisasi melibatkan penggunaan data pelanggan untuk menyesuaikan pengalaman pelanggan, yang dapat menciptakan hubungan yang lebih erat antara pelanggan dan UMKM. Penelitian ini masih terbatas pada efektivitas Pemasaran Personalisasi terhadap loyalitas pelanggan pada UMKM. Telah banyak studi yang membahas loyalitas pelanggan UMKM dengan metode marketing communication. Namun, belum banyak studi yang secara spesifik membahas tentang pemasaran personalisasi pada UMKM.

Kata Kunci: Pemasaran personalisasi, loyalitas, UMKM.

Introduction

Marketing is an important aspect of every business, whether big or small. Successful marketing can help a business increase sales, develop a brand and increase customer awareness. In the digital era, it is important for companies to leverage technology and data to strengthen their marketing strategy. Utilization of customer data is becoming increasingly important for companies to achieve their marketing goals, especially for Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) who wish to compete with larger businesses (Kementerian Keuangan, 2022).

Customer data is information collected by companies about the preferences and behavior of their customers. Customer data can be in the form of demographic information, purchasing information, online behavior and product preferences. Utilization of customer data can help companies better understand the needs and preferences of their customers, enabling companies to provide more personalized and relevant services (Agustina et al., 2016; Haloho & Parahyanti, 2020). This can increase customer satisfaction, strengthen customer loyalty, and ultimately improve the company's business performance. However, despite the importance of customer data, there are still many SMEs that have not made full use of it. Constraints such as lack of resources, lack of technical expertise, and lack of understanding of how best to use customer data can prevent MSMEs from leveraging it. Therefore, this research will discuss how MSMEs can leverage customer data to develop personalized experiences for their customers (Mekari, 2022).

MSMEs can collect customer data through various means, such as surveys, recording transaction data, and tracking online behavior. This customer data can be analyzed to understand customer behavior and preferences, so that companies can provide more personalized and relevant services (Zalova & Karaduman, 2018; Taghizadeh et al., 2021). Personalized customer experiences can also include features such as special offers, product recommendations and friendly customer service. This can help companies build stronger relationships with their customers (Zalova & Karaduman, 2018). However, there are still many challenges in leveraging customer data. Such as the lack of resources and technical expertise which is an obstacle for companies to utilize customer data effectively. In addition, companies may also face challenges in maintaining the security and privacy of customer data. The use of customer data in marketing and personalized customer experiences has the potential to improve a company's business performance (Suryawijaya et al., 2023). However, there are still challenges in making effective use of customer data, especially for SMEs who may have limited resources and technical expertise. Therefore, this research will discuss how SMEs can utilize customer data in an effective way to develop personalized customer experiences.

Literature review

The use of customer data to develop personalized customer experiences is becoming increasingly important in today's digital age. Several previous studies have identified the benefits of using customer data in marketing, and how this can improve a company's business performance. The following is a review of the literature on this topic.

Customer and marketing data

Customer data is information collected about customer behavior, preferences and needs. The use of customer data in marketing can help companies to develop more effective marketing strategies and achieve their business goals (Mekari, 2022). The use of customer data can increase the effectiveness of advertising and promotions, improve market segmentation, and increase customer loyalty. One example of implementing customer data is the personalization of content and offers, where customer data is used to produce offers that are more relevant and attractive to certain customers (Subagio et al., 2020). This can increase the likelihood of conversion and customer loyalty. However, the use of customer data also has challenges that companies need to overcome. These challenges include issues of privacy, data security, and technical and resource limitations (Subagio et al., 2020). Therefore, it is important for companies to have a clear and transparent privacy policy to ensure that customers feel comfortable about providing their personal information.

In addition, research also shows that the use of customer data by SMEs can improve marketing efficiency, increase customer engagement, and improve overall business performance.han (Taghizadeh et al., 2021). SMBs can take advantage of available technologies, such as analytics software and business intelligence applications, to collect and analyze customer data in an effective way. In the context of using customer data for marketing, it is important to understand customer goals and needs. On the other hand, the use of customer data can increase customer retention, increase customer lifetime value, and increase customer loyalty. Therefore, companies must develop marketing strategies that adapt their products and services to customer preferences and needs. Similar studies also show that the use of customer data can help companies improve market segmentation.

By using customer data, companies can identify groups of customers who share similar preferences and needs, and develop more focused marketing strategies for each of these groups. This can increase the effectiveness of marketing campaigns and increase customer conversions. In conclusion, the use of customer data in marketing has significant benefits for companies, including increasing the effectiveness of advertising and promotions, improving market segmentation, and increasing customer loyalty. However, the use of customer data also has challenges that need to be overcome, such as privacy issues, data security, and technical and resource limitations.

Personalized customer experience

The personalized customer experience is an important concept in modern marketing that can help companies increase customer satisfaction and loyalty and improve their overall business performance. This concept emerged because the company realized that each customer has unique needs and preferences and wants to feel cared for and valued.

Personalized customer experience can be achieved by collecting customer data and analyzing it to identify customer preferences and needs (Agustina et al., 2016). This data can then be used to develop more focused marketing strategies, such as tailoring products and services to customer preferences and needs. This research shows that a personalized customer experience can increase customer satisfaction and loyalty, as well as improve a company's business performance. This is because a personalized customer experience can provide added value to customers, making them feel valued and cared for by the company. As a result, customers are more likely to choose products and services from these companies and recommend them to others. Personalized customer experiences can also improve marketing efficiency by reducing unnecessary marketing costs and increasing advertising and promotion effectiveness. By tailoring marketing messages to customer preferences and needs, companies can reach more relevant customers and have the potential to become loyal customers (Suryawijaya et al., 2023). However, there are several challenges to be overcome in implementing a personalized customer experience. One of them is the difficulty in collecting and analyzing customer data in an effective way. Companies must also ensure that customer data collected is safe and protected from cybersecurity threats.

In addition, companies must also consider the privacy policy and customer consent in collecting and using customer data (Subagio et al., 2020). Companies must ensure that customers are comfortable providing their personal information and ensure that the data is only used for lawful purposes. Overall, the personalized customer experience is an important concept in modern marketing that can help companies increase customer satisfaction and loyalty and improve their overall business performance. By leveraging customer data, companies can develop more focused marketing strategies and adapt products and services to customer needs and preferences. However, companies must also pay attention to the challenges and ethical considerations in collecting and using customer data.

Utilization of customer data by MSMEs

The use of customer data by MSMEs is becoming increasingly important in today's digital era. MSMEs may face greater challenges in utilizing customer data compared to large companies (Subagio et al., 2020). Several previous studies have identified the benefits of using customer data in marketing, and how this can improve MSME business performance. SMEs can take advantage of available technology to collect and analyze customer data in an effective way. One of the technologies that can be used by MSMEs is analytic software and business intelligence applications (Sudarwati & Izzaty, 2022). The use of this technology can help MSMEs collect and analyze customer data more easily and quickly, as well as provide better insight into customer preferences and needs (Taghizadeh et al., 2021).

In addition, relevant research also shows that the use of customer data by SMEs can improve marketing efficiency. Personalized customer data can make the relationship between customers and business actors significantly influence customer engagement (Suryawijaya et al., 2023). This is especially the case because customers feel more understood and valued as individuals, so they tend to respond positively to brands or products that offer a more personalized experience. In the context of SMEs, this can help increase customer loyalty and differentiate themselves from competitors. MSMEs that are able to collect and analyze customer data effectively can offer a more personalized and tailored experience to their customers, which can help increase customer engagement with their brand or product. Thus, the utilization of customer data by MSMEs can help improve marketing efficiency and overall business performance.

Research methods

This study uses the Structural Equation Modeling-Partial Least Squares (SEM-PLS) method with a quantitative approach. This method is used to evaluate the causal relationship between variables (Abdillah & Jogiyanto, 2015). The population in this study are SMEs that operate in the city of Semarang and have loyal customers for the past year. Meanwhile, the sample in this study was selected using the Quota Sampling technique with the criteria of MSMEs that have implemented personalized marketing and have loyal customers, namely 100 samples (Sugiyono, 2019). The questionnaire design in this study was a question that was developed based on indicators of predetermined variables (Table 1).

Variable	Indicator	Information		
	\mathbf{X}_1	Product or Service Personalization		
	X2	Use of customer data to customize experience		
Personalized Marketing (X)	X3	Personal interaction with customers		
	X_4	Special offers based on customer preferences		
Customer Convenience (Y)	Y1	Easy access when interacting with MSMEs		
	Y ₂	The level of satisfaction with th product or service received		
	Y3	Convenience when interacting with MSME employees		
	Y ₄	Trust in MSMEs		
Customer Loyalty (Z)	Z_1	Desire to continue buying products or services		
	Z_2	MSME products or services are the main reference		
	Z ₃	Desire to recommend UMKM to others		
	Z4	Interest in trying new products from UMKM		

Source: Author's elaboration (2022)

Research data was obtained by means of field studies to MSMEs in Semarang City by providing questionnaires to be filled out. The questionnaire used an online study (Google Form) and we distributed it via the Whatsapp group which contains MSME actors in the city of Semarang. The time to fill out the questionnaire was open for one month. Furthermore, the data obtained was analyzed using SmartPLS 3.0 software which was then tested for validity using AVE and reliability using Composite Reliability.

Variable identification

The variables in this study consist of personalized marketing (X), customer convenience (Y) and customer loyalty (Z). Furthermore, the influence between variables in this study was tested according to the path diagram in Figure 1 as follows; 1). The effect of personalized marketing (X) on customer convenience (Y). 2). The effect of personalized marketing (X) on customer loyalty (Z). 3). The effect of customer convenience (Y) on customer loyalty (Z).

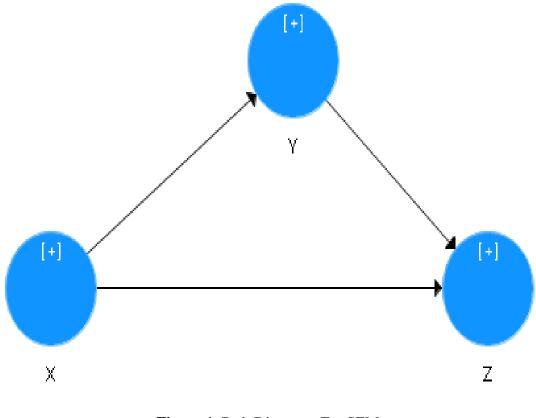


Figure 1. Path Diagrams For SEM Source: Author Data Elaboration, 2022

Result

The results of path diagram analysis using the SmartPLS 3.0 application show in figure 2. Next, to test the validity and reliability, Table 2 describes the test results using AVE (average variance extracted) and Composite Reliability.

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Variable	AVE	Composite Reliability
Personalized Marketing (X)	0.621	0.867
Customer Convenience (Y)	0.506	0.801
Customer Loyalty (Z)	0.502	0.799

Table 2. Data Validity and Reliability Test Results with SEM-PLS

Source: Author Data, Processed (2022)

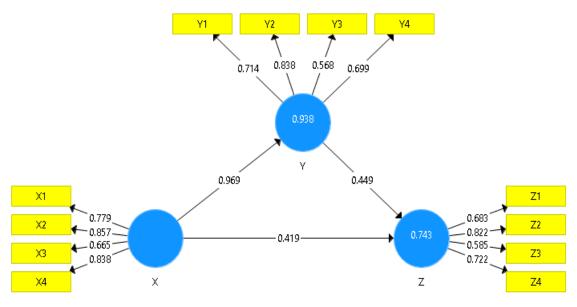


Figure 2. Model SEM-PLS

Source: Author data elaboration (2022)

The results of the validity and reliability tests indicated that the data used in this study were valid with an AVE result of >0.5 for each variable. Meanwhile, each variable in the Composite Reliability test results has a value of > 0.7, which means that the data in this study are reliable and can be used in data analysis.

Interpretation of SmartPLS test results

The results of data processing with smartPLS are as follows:

1. Factor loading

Factor loading aims to assess whether the construct has adequate discriminant validity by comparing the relationship between variable indicators with the correlation of these indicators with other variables. If the construct indicator has a higher value compared to the relationship of the indicator to other variables, then the construct has a high value of discriminant validity as well (Hair et al., 2016). In other words, it can be said that variable indicators are better than other variable indicators. The results of the

facto loading test show that the personalized marketing variable (X) has a good indicator prediction compared to other block indicators. Supported with X indicator has the highest value, which is equal to 0.857. That is, the use of customer data to customize the customer experience is effective for MSMEs in determining customer loyalty.

2. Discriminant validity

To assess discriminant validity can be done by comparing the square of average variance extracted (AVE) for each variable with a correlation value between variables (> 0.5). The model will have good discriminant validity if the AVE value for each variable is greater than the correlation between the constructs (Abdillah & Hartono, 2015). Table 2 shows the AVE value on each variable> 0.5 and the AVE value on the customer loyalty variable with a value of 0.502> 0.5. So, it can be concluded that the model made is correct. The latent variable and its indicators significantly influence each other.

3. Composite reliability

Composite Reliability is done by measuring the value between variables whether they have good reliability or not. If the research variable has a value above 0.70, the variable reliability is in the good category, and vice versa. In this study, all variables have a composite reliability value of >0.7 (Table 2). The variable value obtained using composite reliability for customer convenience is (Y) 0.801 and customer loyalty variable (Z) is 0.799. It can be concluded that the reliability value is in the good category as a construct as measured by its indicators.

Inner model test

The Inner Model test is carried out by looking at the direct and indirect effects (total effect) which are measured between constructs to see the significance and strength of the relationship through bootstrapping to determine the extent of influence between variables. The values obtained range from -1 to +1. The closer the value obtained is to +1, the stronger the influence between the two constructs. Conversely, if the value gets closer to -1, it means that the two constructs have no effect (Hair et al., 2016).

Indicator	Original Sample	Sample Mean	Standard Deviation	T-Statistic	P Values
Personalized Marketing Variable (X) => Customer Convenience	0.969	0.969	0.006	164.130	0.001
 (Y) Personalized Marketing Variable (X) => Customer Loyalty (Z) 	0.419	0.404	0.299	1.402	0.162

Table 3.	Inner	model	test	results
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Customer	0.449	0.467	0.296	1.519	0.129
Convenience					
$(\mathbf{Y}) =>$					
Customer					
Loyalty (Z)					

Source: Author data, processed (2022)

Table 3 displays the results of the bootstrapping test for the inner model (original sample). From the test results, it can be seen that there are variables that have a significant influence on other variables. personalized marketing variable (X) has a significant influence on the variables customer convenience (Y) and customer loyalty (Z). This can be seen from the original sample value which is close to +1.

Discussion

Personalized marketing for MSMEs

The results of the analysis in this study indicate that personalized marketing has an important role in increasing customer loyalty to MSMEs. Personalized marketing involves using customer data to customize the customer experience, which can create a closer relationship between customers and MSMEs. Through personalized marketing, MSMEs can better understand customer needs and preferences, so they can provide products and services that suit their needs (Brodie et al., 2011). Therefore, MSMEs should focus on personalized marketing to maintain and increase their customer loyalty (Zalova & Karaduman, 2018).

Today, customers have a broad choice of existing MSMEs, and they will choose to subscribe to MSMEs that meet their needs and respect them. MSMEs must take the initiative to understand and meet the needs of their customers (Taghizadeh et al., 2021). To achieve this, MSMEs must collect and analyze customer data effectively. This can involve using technology such as analytics software and CRM systems. MSMEs must also be open to interacting and communicating with customers through various channels, such as email, social media, and surveys (Zalova & Karaduman, 2018). Through this interaction, MSMEs will have a clearer picture of customer needs, preferences and behavior, which will assist them in customizing the customer experience and increasing customer loyalty (Subagio et al., 2020).

The effectiveness of personalized marketing on customer loyalty

The marketing industry has recently become obsessed with personalization. In today's marketing industry, personalization is an important focus because it brings significant benefits to businesses. Personalization is a marketing strategy that focuses on adapting the product or service that customers receive to the customer's individual needs and preferences (MIA, 2023). This is done by leveraging technology and data to study customer habits and preferences. By understanding customers better, businesses can adapt their offers more effectively and strengthen customer relationships (Qiscus, 2020).

The effectiveness of the personalization strategy can be seen in increasing customer loyalty. This concept is very important for MSME businesses, because they have a more

limited target market and need to ensure that their customers are loyal (Subagio et al., 2020). Personalized marketing helps MSMEs understand their customers better and adapt their offers according to customer needs (Mekari, 2022). Thus, MSMEs can maintain and increase their customer loyalty.

Basically, personalization helps build stronger and more effective customer relationships. By understanding customer needs and preferences, businesses can provide more relevant offers and meet customer expectations (Qiscus, 2020). This helps strengthen long-term relationships with customers and ensures that they feel valued and recognized as individuals (Taghizadeh et al., 2021). Personalized marketing has the potential to help businesses increase results, strengthen customer relationships and help maintain customer loyalty. Therefore, MSMEs must consider implementing personalized marketing strategies in their business practices (Subagio et al., 2020).

Sustainability customer optimization

Sustainability Customer Optimization (SCO) is an approach that combines personalized marketing and sustainability practices to optimize the customer experience. SCO aims to build long-term relationships with customers while minimizing negative environmental and social impacts. Personalized marketing is a key component of SCO as it allows businesses to understand their customers better and provide them with tailored products and services. This, in turn, helps increase customer loyalty and reduces the negative impact of unnecessary waste (Priyambodo & Sari, 2023). Personalized marketing is a powerful tool that businesses can use to understand their customers better. It involves analyzing customer data to identify their needs, preferences, and behavior. With this information, businesses can tailor their products and services to meet customer expectations. Personalized marketing can also help businesses build stronger relationships with their customers. By recognizing customers as individuals, businesses can create a sense of loyalty and belonging that can translate into repeat business and positive word-of-mouth marketing.

For MSMEs, personalized marketing is particularly important. MSMEs often have a limited target market and need to ensure that their customers are loyal (Qiscus, 2020). By implementing personalized marketing strategies, MSMEs can better understand their customers and provide them with tailored products and services. This can help increase customer loyalty, which is crucial for the long-term success of any business. In addition to building strong customer relationships, personalized marketing can also contribute to sustainability practices (Subagio et al., 2020). By providing customers with tailored products and services, businesses can reduce waste and promote sustainable consumption. For example, by using customer data to identify which products are most popular, businesses can reduce their inventory and minimize the amount of unsold stock that ends up in landfills (Sudarwati & Izzaty, 2022). This, in turn, can reduce the environmental impact of the business. SCO takes personalized marketing a step further by integrating sustainability practices into the customer experience. SCO aims to optimize the customer experience by providing personalized products and services that minimize negative environmental and social impacts. This can involve using sustainable materials, reducing waste, and promoting sustainable consumption. By doing so, SCO can create a win-win situation for both the business and the environment (Murdiati et al., 2019).

For example, a business that specializes in selling clothing can use customer data to identify which products are most popular. By using this information to create a

personalized inventory, the business can reduce waste and minimize the environmental impact of their operations. Additionally, the business can promote sustainable consumption by providing customers with information about the environmental impact of their purchases (Zalova & Karaduman, 2018; Taghizadeh et al., 2021). By doing so, the business can create a sense of social responsibility among its customers, which can lead to increased loyalty and positive word-of-mouth marketing (Suryawijaya et al., 2023). In conclusion, SCO is an approach that combines personalized marketing and sustainability practices to optimize the customer experience. Personalized marketing is a powerful tool that businesses can use to understand their customers better and build strong relationships with them. When combined with sustainability practices, personalized marketing can help businesses reduce waste and promote sustainable consumption. By implementing SCO strategies, businesses can create a win-win situation for both the business and the environment.

Conclusions and suggestions

Research shows that personalized marketing has an important role in increasing customer loyalty to MSMEs. MSMEs should focus on personalized marketing to maintain and increase their customer loyalty (Zalova & Karaduman, 2018). This can be done by effectively collecting and analyzing customer data and interacting and communicating with customers through various channels (Taghizadeh et al., 2021). Personalization helps build stronger customer relationships and meet customer needs and preferences.

MSMEs must leverage technology and data to learn customer habits and preferences. They must be open to interacting and communicating with customers through various channels and ensure that their offers match customer needs. MSMEs should also understand that personalized marketing helps strengthen long-term relationships with customers and ensures that they feel valued and recognized as individuals.

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